# Year/In Review

Highlights from The Nature Conservancy's Work in Tennessee

# KEEPING OUR EYE ON THE PRIZE TWO SUCCESS STORIES HIGHLIGHT WHY WE DO WHAT WE DO

Almost 47 years to the day since listing the **snail darter** as an endangered species, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service officially removed the diminutive fish from the Federal List of Threatened and Endangered Wildlife on October 5, 2022. Once limited to the Little Tennessee River, the snail darter now inhabits rivers and streams in Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Tennessee. The conservation community marked the delisting of the **Cumberland sandwort** after more than three decades of hard work and patience that included key acquisitions by The Nature Conservancy at the Pogue Creek State Natural Area. The Cumberland sandwort represents the third plant, after Eggert's sunflower and Tennessee coneflower, to be delisted as a result of species recovery in Tennessee.



#### **BOARD NOTES**



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Welcome to 2023 and to a new way of reporting on The Nature Conservancy's accomplishments in Tennessee over the past year. We are excited to expand upon our work-in print and online-with this Tennessee Year In Review.

One big piece of news as we enter the new year is that our Tennessee state director, Terry Cook, leaves his post to pursue new projects and spend more time with family. For nearly three decades, including six years advancing TNC's mission in Tennessee, Terry has worked around the globe to protect and enhance nature for the benefit of people and our planet. As you might guess from this report's cover photo, Terry has served as a competent leader and committed scientist who retains a child-like wonder for the natural world around him, regardless of his job title. Thank you, Terry!

Thanks also, to YOU. None of the accomplishments shared in this report would be possible without your support.

Today, we encounter the biggest, most complex environmental challenges in our lifetime as the dual crises of rapid climate change and biodiversity loss threaten the planet. Addressing both is crucial. We are doing our part in Tennessee—in the state's forests, rivers, caves, farmlands and cities—to preserve biodiversity, sequester carbon, and fortify resilient landscapes that can safeguard the people and places most vulnerable to the impacts of climate change. This report celebrates these efforts that lay the groundwork for the years to come.

Happy New Year!

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James McDonald, Chair The Nature Conservancy's Tennessee Board of Trustees



COVER Terry Cook tests a wildlife camera at Stones River near Nashville. © The Nature Conservancy. ABOVE, LEFT TO RIGHT © Courtesy/James McDonald; © The Nature Conservancy

#### **BIODIVERSITY**

# PROTECTING BIODIVERSITY PROTECTS OURSELVES Monitoring With MOTUS

Three declining species in Tennessee will benefit from the state's growing Motus Wildlife Tracking System, part of an international network of stationary towers that track migrating bats, birds, insects and other wildlife with radio telemetry.



The Nature Conservancy's staff and partners secured transmitters on 68 federally endangered gray bats in one night (a record for our Tennessee program). Small and light enough to adhere to these diminutive creatures, the transmitters help scientists understand movement throughout the landscape to inform conservation strategies.



A University of Tennessee graduate student found and fitted federally threatened bog turtles with transmitters that will generate data on their patterns. Bog turtles are notoriously secretive and challenging to study in the field, so using the Motus technology to better understand the turtles' activity represents an exciting advancement.

TNC teamed up with the City of Nashville, Friends of Warner Park and the Nashville Symphony to monitor the iconic "bird of the people," the purple martin. Over the years, large groups of purple martins have gathered to roost in Nashville prior to their southern migration, often occurring in numbers estimated to be close to 100,000 birds. Thanks to a series of Motus stations installed in Middle Tennessee over the last three years, researchers gathered valuable movement data, an effort further enhanced by students who monitored roosting behavior in downtown Nashville every night during June and July. This information was coordinated with data collected by Motus stations in Central and South America to shed more light on the life cycle of North America's largest swallow.

### **Rattlesnake Whispering**

### Advancing Bluebird Science

A Tennessee Tech University (TTU) student, Chance Hale-together with TTU biology professor Dr. Nikki Panter and The Nature Conservancy's forest expert, Trish Johnson-conducted a study: Effects of Predator Guard Type on Eastern Bluebird Nesting Success at TNC's Bridgestone Nature Reserve at Chestnut Mountain. Already aware that such guards protect bluebird nests, the researchers sought to determine which worked best. At three locations within the Reserve, Chance set up four bluebird boxes with a different type of predator guard. While his observations provided valuable information, the team determined that a larger study is needed to arrive at more conclusive results.

ABOVE A timber rattlesnake hides in leaves. © W. H. Martin; A bluebird visits a bluebird box. ©Terry Cook/TNC

The Nature Conservancy worked with Dr. Danny Bryan from Cumberland University on inventorying and monitoring timber rattlesnakes at the Bridgestone Nature Reserve at Chestnut Mountain. In the field study, Dr. Bryan identified six hibernacula (where timber rattlesnakes go during cooler months) and three gestation sites. In this part of their range, timber rattlesnakes hibernate-individually or in small groups—in mammal burrows, old stumps and shallow rock crevices. Dr. Bryan's data will inform TNC's decisions about preventing disturbance to these areas, and advance conservation for this Species of Greatest Conservation Need in Tennessee.

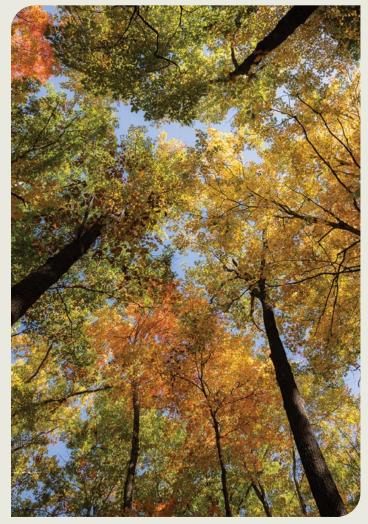


#### CLIMATE

# TACKLING THE CLIMATE CRISIS

### **Climate-Smart Agriculture**

In Tennessee, where nearly half of the land is farmed, agriculture represents an industry that generates more than \$50 billion annually and supports more than 200,000 jobs. It comprises an enormous footprint that cannot be ignored as we work to fortify the state's lands and waters against flooding, drought and other impacts of climate change. That is why The Nature Conservancy is proud that its project, Expanding Agroforestry Production and Markets, was one of only 70 out of 450 submissions funded by the USDA's Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities program after a highly competitive process. The award will provide support to farmers, ranchers and private forest landowners working in 37 states to create market opportunities for American commodities produced using agroforestry and other climate-smart production practices.





Alley cropping is an agroforestry practice that places trees within agricultural cropland systems. It represents one of several approaches to agroforestry that The Nature Conservancy and partners are exploring in Tennessee.

#### **#USEYOUROUTSIDEVOICE**

### Inflation Reduction Act

In 2022, our nation witnessed unprecedented funding with passage of the Inflation Reduction Act, a generational investment in fighting climate change and building a green economy.

forests to build resilience.



**Powering** homes, businesses and communities with more clean energy by 2030.

Protecting nearly two million acres of national

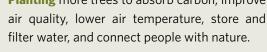
Reducing greenhouse gas emissions by







Planting more trees to absorb carbon, improve



approximately a billion metric tons.

"A share of the funding from the \$370 billion Inflation Reduction Act—as well as from the \$200 billion Infrastructure Investment & Jobs Act passed in November 2021—is beginning to flow into Tennessee through state agencies, grants and tax incentives. We are working to ensure that it is put to good use to maximize positive impacts around our state."

- Lindsay Hanna, TNC's director of government relations and climate policy in Tennessee

# CLIMATE THE GREATEST CHALLENGE TO LIFE ON EARTH

#### **Chief Scientist** Visits Tennessee (twice)







"While climate change can be a discouraging topic, our work at The Nature Conservancy to address the biggest challenges facing our future gives me hope. Our TNC priorities for tackling climate change are ambitious, but I believe by using our voices, together, we can fix this."

- Dr. Katharine Hayhoe, chief scientist at The Nature Conservancy



ABOVE The colorful tree canopy at Chestnut Mountain does double duty as an important vessel for storing carbon. © Terry Cook/TNC: © USDA Forest Service

### Laying Out a Green Infrastructure

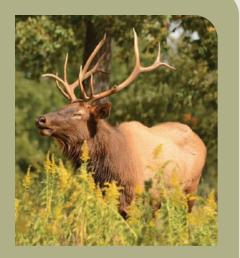
At Lytle Park in Nashville, which was once a working farm, The Nature Conservancy is working with Metro Parks and others to show how infusing nature into cities can support wildlife and fortify the landscape against the impacts of climate change.

> **Greening With Grasslands** Summer interns from the University of the South collected soil samples that will inform the restoration of former pastures into a healthy native grassland to attract pollinator species. The interns also surveyed meadowlarks, a grassland dependent species that has shown a 90 percent decline over its range, to document their use of pastures and response to a more native landscape.

> Promoting Pollination TNC inventoried Lytle Park for the presence of suitable habitat (ie milkweed) for monarch butterflies migrating through Tennessee each year. This is important since the International Union for the Conservation of Nature (IUCN), the global leading authority on the status of biological diversity, declared the monarch butterfly as endangered. TNC's research findings will be integrated into a national data repository that informs scientists about the abundance and distribution of these butterflies across North America.

> Capturing Wildlife on Camera TNC secured wildlife cameras and bioacoustics equipment in strategic locations as part of an effort to inventory wildlife at Lytle Park. Some of the results were so surprising that TNC produced a YouTube video featuring images of animals captured on film, including coyotes, opossums, foxes, bobcats, river otters, beavers, owls, osprey and a variety of songbirds. The bioacoustics recorders also revealed big brown, eastern red, hoary, silver-haired, evening and tri-colored bats!

# THIS LAND IS YOUR LAND



LANDS

### **Key Parcel** Connects a Wildlife Corridor

### Taking Our Work Underground

As 2021 came to a close, The Nature Conservancy purchased a cave in Middle Tennessee known to harbor federally-endangered gray bats. Once used as a saltpeter mine during the American Civil War, the cave served as a personal bunker for the most recent property owner.

Not long after assuming ownership, TNC's Tennessee bat expert, Cory Holliday, began cleaning out and restoring this subterranean space to support hibernating bats during winter and maternity colonies during summer. With only small windows of opportunity to work between these seasons, he and volunteers from the local caving community removed a significant amount of manmade material and debris within a short amount of time. The team also re-opened the cave's natural entrances and built a bat friendly gate to prevent trespassing. While there is more to do, Holliday already sees signs that the hard work is paying off.



"Since I started visiting the cave in 2010, gray bat counts peaked at 3,858 over the following decade. In June 2022, I recorded 14,461 bats emerging from the cave. That is a much greater impact than I expected only one year after launching restoration efforts. Projects like this are exactly what we need to do to prevent a species from becoming threatened or endangered. And after 46 years, we are well on our way to delisting gray bats."

- Cory Holliday, TNC's cave and karst program manager in Tennessee

On the heels of a remote sensing study that revealed periodic fire once dominated as much as 85 percent of the Cumberland Plateau, a researcher from the University of Missouri's Center for Tree Ring Science confirmed the presence of past periodic fires at The Nature Conservancy's Bridgestone Nature Reserve at Chestnut Mountain. In response, the Reserve became a focus for controlled burns implemented by TNC's first Tennessee-based fire team.



LEFT TO RIGHT An elk rests in a meadow. © Creative Commons/LandBetweentheLakesKYTN; A cave gate protects bats from trespassers. © Cory Holliday/TNC; A scientist studies tree rings. © Center for Tree Ring Science

#### WATERS

# SECURING CLEAN AND ABUNDANT WATER



Following the Flow Represented by the Southern Environmental Law Center, The Nature Conservancy and the Tennessee Wildlife Federation reached a settlement with state government and a local water utility that upholds Tennessee's ability to manage water withdrawals from the Duck River, especially during a drought. Recognizing the relationship between the river's natural flow and health of aquatic wildlife marks a victory for conservationists, the outdoor recreation industry and people who rely on the river for drinking water.



Weaving in Wetlands The West Tennessee River Basin Authority and The Nature Conservancy celebrated the opening of Middle Fork Bottoms Recreation Area to the public. This 850-acre formerly undeveloped property boasts paved and dirt trails, designated fishing areas and lakes for kayaking, canoeing and paddle boarding. The partners are also restoring bottomland hardwood forests, marshes and other wetland habitat key to retaining and slowly filtering floodwaters that previously inundated the property.



Staying On Task The Nature Conservancy and partners formed a task force to develop a comprehensive plan for restoring Tennessee's portion of the Mississippi River floodplain over the next decade. Officially named the West Tennessee Floodplain Task Force, the group will coordinate partners and resources to collectively restore floodplains, forests and streams that can support wildlife, agriculture, industry and local communities.



A stream runs through Robert McCaleb's property, called Custard Hollow. © Kristen Hanratty

"I believe large portions of the southern Cumberland Plateau are irreplaceable and very much warrant preservation so that future generations will have the opportunity to explore and enjoy the beauty of the area. After careful consideration, I have been pleased to work with responsible conservation organizations on this project."



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photo from the Clark Preserve webinar

## See You Online!

The Nature Conservancy continued to expand on virtual opportunities, which began during the global pandemic. In all, our Tennessee program hosted or participated in 10 webinars on topics ranging from virtual preserve tours to women in conservation and spotlights on conservation projects across the state. In addition to featuring our staff in Tennessee, these webinars included colleagues from other states, partners and trustees. Register for upcoming webinars or find past recordings at **nature.org/tnwebinars**.